

☒—Utils

☒—RKA

☒—Example

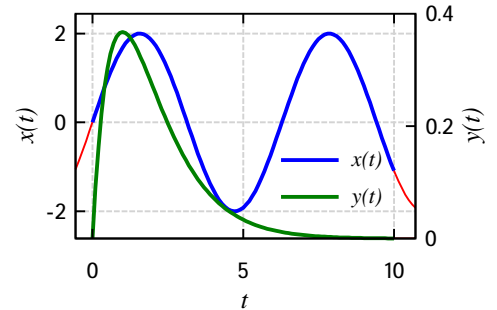
DE System

$$\begin{cases} x_s(t) := 2 \cdot \sin(t) \\ y_s(t) := t \cdot e^{-t} \end{cases}$$

$$x'(0) = 2 \quad y(0) = 0 \quad y'(0) = 1 \quad x(0) = 0$$

$$y''(t) \cdot t - x(t) \cdot y(t) = -\frac{t \cdot (2 - t + 2 \cdot \sin(t))}{e^t}$$

$$x''(t) - \cos(4 \cdot t) \cdot y'(t) = -\frac{2 \cdot \sin(t) \cdot e^t + \cos(4 \cdot t) \cdot (1 - t)}{e^t}$$



$$RK := RKA \left( \begin{cases} x(t) \\ y(t) \end{cases}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, 10, 100 \right)$$

☒—Example

DE System

$$\begin{cases} x_s(t) := t^2 - 6 \\ y_s(t) := e^{\sin(t)} \\ z_s(t) := 0.5 \cdot t^2 - 2 \end{cases}$$

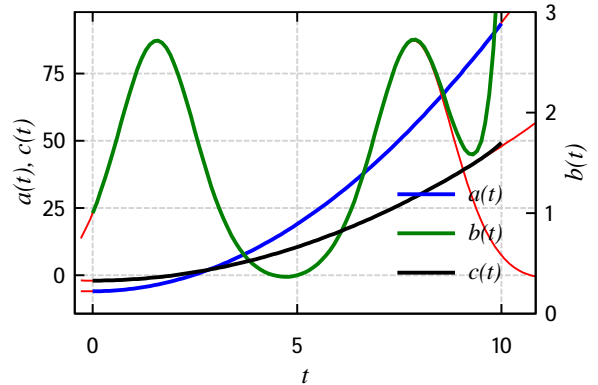
$$a'(0) = 0 \quad b(0) = 1 \quad b'(0) = 1 \quad c'(0) = 0 \quad a(0) = -6 \quad c(0) = -2$$

$$a''(t) \cdot b(t) - c(t) = \frac{4 \cdot (1 + e^{\sin(t)}) - t^2}{2}$$

$$b''(t) - t \cdot c'(t) = e^{\sin(t)} \cdot ((\cos(t))^2 - \sin(t)) - t^2$$

$$c''(t) \cdot a''(t) - 3 \cdot b(t) = 2 - 3 \cdot e^{\sin(t)}$$

$$RK := RKA \left( \begin{cases} a(t) \\ b(t) \\ c(t) \end{cases}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, 10, 100 \right)$$



☒—Example

DE System

$$\alpha := 12$$

$$\begin{cases} u_s(\sigma) := \ln(1 + \alpha \cdot \sigma) \\ v_s(\sigma) := e^{-\sigma} + 1 \end{cases}$$

$$v(0) = 2 \quad v'(0) = -1 \quad u(0) = 0$$

$$v''(\sigma) \cdot v(\sigma) - \sigma \cdot u(\sigma) = \frac{e^{\sigma} + 1 - \sigma \cdot \ln(1 + \alpha \cdot \sigma) \cdot e^{2 \cdot \sigma}}{e^{2 \cdot \sigma}}$$

$$u'(\sigma) \cdot v''(\sigma) + \cos(2 \cdot \sigma) = \frac{\alpha + \cos(2 \cdot \sigma) \cdot (1 + \alpha \cdot \sigma) \cdot e^{\sigma}}{(1 + \alpha \cdot \sigma) \cdot e^{\sigma}}$$

$$RK := RKA \left( \begin{cases} u(\sigma) \\ v(\sigma) \end{cases}, \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, 4, 100 \right)$$

