

Boundary Values Problems for Beams

lbvp₂ `lbvp2(f(x), x, αβ, N)` solves the linear ODE $y'' + p \cdot y' + q \cdot y = r$

subject to the boundary conditions
$$\begin{cases} \alpha_1 \cdot y(a) + \beta_1 \cdot y'(a) = c_1 & \text{in } x = [a \ b] \\ \alpha_2 \cdot y(b) + \beta_2 \cdot y'(b) = c_2 \end{cases}$$

f is such that $f(x) = [p(x) \ q(x) \ r(x)]$ and $\alpha\beta = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_1 & \beta_1 & c_1 \\ \alpha_2 & \beta_2 & c_2 \end{bmatrix}$

bvp₂ `bvp2(φ(x, y, y'), x, Yo, αβ, N, ε)` solves the non linear ODE

$$y'' = \varphi(x, y, y') \quad \text{in } x = [a \ b]$$

subject to the the same boundary conditions, with Yo as guess for the solution with dimension N+1.. If Yo=0, bvp.2 try with a line between f(a) and f(b) as guess.. ε is used as the tolerance for a Newton solver.

From the free body diagram, we try to write

$$y'' = \frac{M}{E \cdot I}$$

Defaults

$$[N \ \varepsilon] := [50 \ 10^{-9}]$$

Short hands for plots

$$\text{Plot}(X, Y, Y', xm) := \begin{cases} y(xm) \cdot (0 \leq x \leq L) \\ y'(xm) \cdot (0 \leq x \leq L) \\ \text{augment}\left(\frac{x}{m}, Y, ".", 6, \text{"blue"}\right) \\ \text{augment}\left(\frac{x}{m}, Y', ".", 6, \text{"red"}\right) \\ \text{augment}\left(xm, \begin{bmatrix} y(xm) \\ y'(xm) \end{bmatrix}, "o"\right) \end{cases}$$

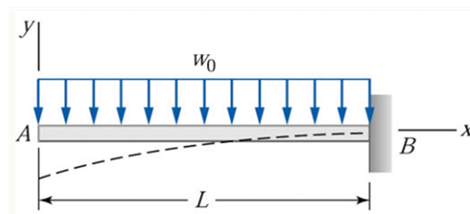
Example

<http://web.ncyu.edu.tw/~lanjc/lesson/C3/class/Chap06-A.pdf>

Cantilever beam with uniformly distributed load

$$w_0 := 400 \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}} \quad L := 8 \text{ ft} \quad E := 29 \cdot 10^6 \text{ psi}$$

$$I := 285 \text{ in}^4 \quad (\text{W12} \times 35 \text{ shape})$$



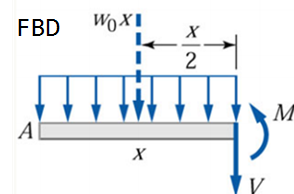
$$y''(x) := -\frac{w_0}{2 \cdot E \cdot I} \cdot x^2$$

Using RK Method

$$D(x, y) := \begin{bmatrix} y_2 \\ y''(x) \end{bmatrix}$$

IC: $y_0 := 0 \quad y'_0 := 0$

$$[m \ kg \ s] := [1 \ 1 \ 1] \quad \text{Sterilize units}$$



$$[X \ Y \ Y'] := \text{Cols}\left(\text{rkfixed}\left(\text{stack}(y_0, y'_0), L, 0, N-1, D\right)\right)$$

$$\text{Clear}(m, kg, s) = 1 \quad \text{Restore units} \quad [X \ Y \ Y'] := [X \ m \ Y \ m \ Y']$$

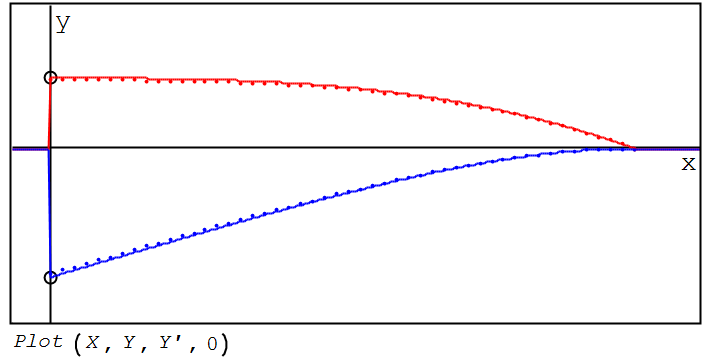
Exact solution

$$Y(x) := \frac{w_0}{24 \cdot E \cdot I} \cdot (-x^4 + 4 \cdot L^3 \cdot x - 3 \cdot L^4) \quad y'(x) := \frac{d}{dx} Y(x)$$

Maximun deflection

$$Y_N = -0.0417 \text{ in} \quad \text{or}$$

$$y(0) = -0.0428 \text{ in}$$



Example beam

Example

<http://web.ncyu.edu.tw/~lanjc/lesson/C3/class/Chap06-A.pdf>

Simple supported beam with distributed load
distributed load of maximum intensity w_0

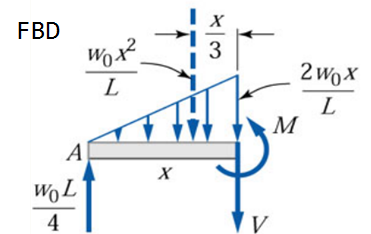
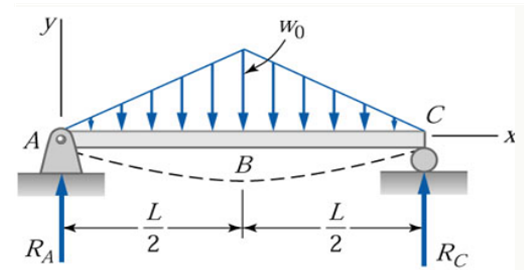
$$w_0 := 400 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}} \quad L := 8 \text{ ft} \quad E := 29 \cdot 10^6 \text{ psi}$$

$$I := 285 \text{ in}^4 \quad (\text{W12} \times 35 \text{ shape})$$

$$R_A := w_0 \cdot \frac{L}{4} \quad R_C := R_A$$

$$y'''(x) := \frac{w_0}{12 \cdot E \cdot I} \cdot \frac{3 \cdot L^2 \cdot x - 4 \cdot x^3}{L}$$

$$[m \text{ kg } s] := [1 \ 1 \ 1] \quad \text{Sterilize units}$$



Using `bvp.2`

$$\varphi(x, Y, Y') := Y'''(x) \quad \begin{cases} Y(0) = 0 \\ Y(L) = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \alpha\beta := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[X \ Y \ Y'] := \text{Cols}(\text{bvp}_2(\varphi(x, Y, Y'), [0 \ L], 0, \alpha\beta, N-1, \varepsilon)) \quad \text{or (better):}$$

Using `lbvp.2`

$$f(x) := [0 \ 0 \ Y'''(x)] \quad [X \ Y \ Y'] := \text{Cols}(\text{lbvp}_2(f(x), [0 \ L], \alpha\beta, N-1))$$

$$\text{Clear}(m, \text{kg}, s) = 1 \quad \text{Restore units} \quad [X \ Y \ Y'] := [X \ m \ Y \ m \ Y']$$

Exact solution

$$Y(x) := -\frac{w_0 \cdot x}{960 \cdot L \cdot E \cdot I} \cdot (25 \cdot L^4 - 40 \cdot L^2 \cdot x^2 + 16 \cdot x^4) \quad Y'(x) := \frac{d}{dx} Y(x)$$

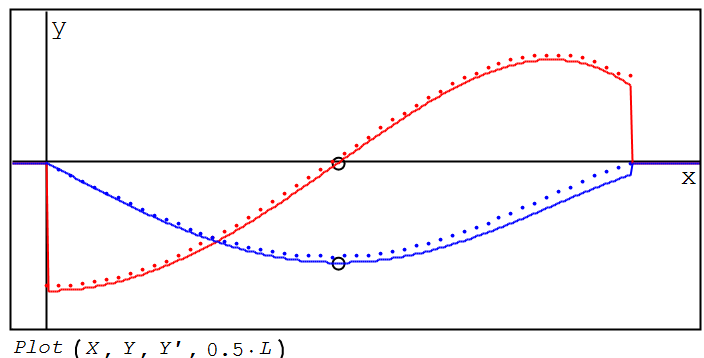
Maximun deflection

$$\text{CInterp}(X, Y, 0.5 \cdot L) = -0.068 \text{ mm}$$

or

$$y(0.5 \cdot L) = -0.0725 \text{ mm}$$

Only an approximate result.



Example beam

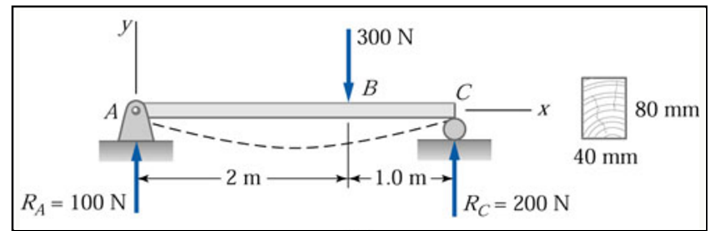
Example

<http://web.ncyu.edu.tw/~lanjc/lesson/C3/class/Chap06-A.pdf>

$E := 12 \text{ GPa}$ $Q := 300 \text{ N}$

$x_B := 2 \text{ m}$ $L := 3 \text{ m}$

$I := \frac{40 \text{ mm} \cdot (80 \text{ mm})^3}{12}$



$$y'''(x) := \begin{cases} \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{Q}{E \cdot I} \cdot x & \text{if } x \leq x_B \text{ [m kg s] := [1 1 1]} \\ \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{Q}{E \cdot I} \cdot x - \frac{Q}{E \cdot I} \cdot (x - x_B) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 Sterilize units

Using `bvp.2`

$\varphi(x, y, y') := y'''(x)$ $\begin{cases} y(0) = 0 \\ y(L) = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \alpha\beta := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$[X \ Y \ Y'] := \text{Cols}(\text{bvp}_2(\varphi(x, y, y'), [0 \ L], 0, \alpha\beta, N-1, \varepsilon))$

Using shooting method

$D(x, y) := \begin{bmatrix} y_2 \\ y'''(x) \end{bmatrix}$ IC: $y_0 := 0$ $y'_0 := -0.1$ Guess
BC: $y_L := 0$

$\text{sol}(y'_0) := \text{rkfixed}(\text{stack}(y_0, y'_0), 0, L, N-1, D)$ $\text{Eq}(y'_0) := \text{sol}(y'_0)_{N,2} - y_L$

$y'_0 := S_{NR}(\text{Eq}, y'_0)$ $[E \ \Psi \ \Psi'] := \text{Cols}(\text{sol}(y'_0))$

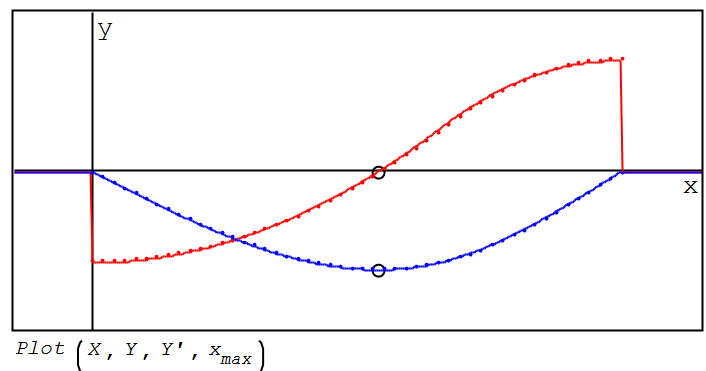
`Clear(m, kg, s) = 1` Restore units $[E \ \Psi \ \Psi'] := [E \ \text{m} \ \Psi \ \text{m} \ \Psi']$

$y(x) := \text{CInterp}(E, \Psi, x)$ $y'(x) := \text{CInterp}(E, \Psi', x)$

Maximun deflection

$x_{max} := S_{NR}(y', x_B) = 1.621 \text{ m}$

$y(x_{max}) = -7.1271 \text{ mm}$



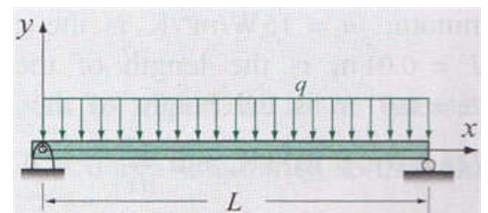
Example

Example

<https://edu.epito.bme.hu/local/coursepublicity/mod/resource/view.php?id=59032>

$L := 4 \text{ m}$ $EI := 1.4 \cdot 10^7 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2}$ $q := 10 \cdot 10^3 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}}$

$$y'''(x) := \frac{1}{2 \cdot EI} \cdot \sqrt{(1 + y'^2)^3} \cdot q \cdot (L \cdot x - x^2)$$



[m kg s] := [1 1 1] Sterilize units

Using bvp.2 $\varphi(x, Y, Y') := Y''(x)$ $\begin{cases} Y(0) = 0 \\ Y'(L) = 0 \end{cases}$ $M := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

[X Y Y'] := *Cols* (*bvp2* ($\varphi(x, Y, Y')$, [0 L], 0, M, N-1, ϵ))

Using shooting
method

$D(x, Y) := \begin{bmatrix} Y_2 \\ \varphi(x, Y, Y_1', Y_2) \end{bmatrix}$ $[Y_0 Y_L] := [0 0]$ $Y'_0 := 1$ Guess

$sol(Y'_0) := \text{rkfixed} \left(\begin{bmatrix} Y_0 \\ Y'_0 \end{bmatrix}, 0, L, N-1, D \right)$ $Eq(Y'_0) := sol(Y'_0)_{N2} - Y_L$

$Y'_0 := S_{NR}(Eq, Y'_0)$ $[E \Psi \Psi'] := \text{Cols}(sol(Y'_0))$

$\text{Clear}(m, kg, s) = 1$ Restore units $[E \Psi \Psi'] := [E m \Psi m \Psi']$

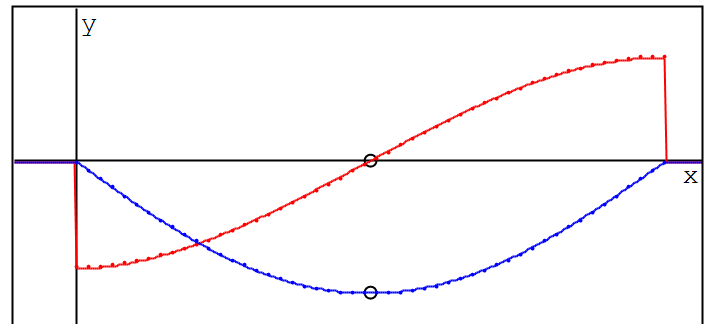
$y(x) := \text{CInterp}(E, \Psi, x)$ $y'(x) := \text{CInterp}(E, \Psi', x)$

Maximun deflection

$x_{max} := S_{NR}(Y', 0.4 \cdot L) = 1.9864 \text{ m}$

$Y(x_{max}) = -2.3795 \text{ mm}$

$\text{Clear}(m, kg, s) = 1$ Restore units



Plot (X, Y, Y', 0.5.L)

Alvaro